

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 23.

BACHELORS AND DEATHS.

During the past two or three years a discussion has been going on in the papers of London regarding the number of deaths among bachelors compared with the deaths among married men, and the result of the discussions and investigations is not without interest. One London paper has published statistics showing that of a given 100,000 bachelors between twenty and twenty-five there are annually about 1,200 deaths, whereas out of a 100,000 married men of similar age the annual deaths are only about 600. Again, between the ages of thirty-five 1,600 bachelors die and only 900 married men to the 100,000.

The statistics in this country, while they have probably not been gathered with the same care as those of England, show that the deaths among bachelors is two to one compared with the mortality among married men.

But in another direction we find a complement to the "angel ministries of married women." In every penitentiary in this country a majority of the male convicts are single. Take our own state prison. In 1884, of those sentenced 68 were married and 145 were single, and 11 were widowers. It has been discovered by as careful investigation as could be made, that eight out of every ten committed to the jails of this country, are single. There is some powerful significance attached to these statistics. They show that the influence of home is one of the strongest moral agents known to society. Those who have landed single-blessedness, and have contended that women are creatures of impulse and their prejudices all wrong, will likely have their sober thoughts arrested by the facts herein given.

The statement made some time ago by the warden of the eastern penitentiary of Pennsylvania, that women, more particularly mothers, were responsible for the making of a large number of convicts, cannot be supported by facts. Out of 440 convicts in the Wisconsin prison, only 15 are females, and in south and east the proportion of female convicts to male, will average about one to ten.

THE RIVER AND HARBOR GRABS.

The committee on rivers and harbors of the house of representatives had agreed that about eleven million dollars was enough to spend on rivers and harbors during the current year. This was regarded as a fair amount to be expended in that direction, and was compared with the appropriations of previous years, an improvement in point of economy.

But there are two very strong influences which will likely defeat the recommendations of the committee. Every member of congress has an influence desire to get as much as possible for his own district. This is a year when congressional elections take place, and a big appropriation for each district which has rivers and harbors to be repaired, will go far to help the present member to a re-election and reelection. Then, again, the committee on rivers and harbors has invited the executive committees of the water-way conventions held in the west and southwest last summer and fall, to appear before it and state how many millions they want for their schemes. These executive committees think about fifty millions would do them. These committees constitute a powerful lobby and congressmen will have no end to the talk in favor of at least twenty-five millions for the west and southwest. Whether the tempo of the present congress will permit it to be reduced in this fashion remains to be seen. Should, however, the lobby succeed, and twenty-five, forty or fifty millions be considered by congress to be too few, a presidential veto may take them by surprise and knock them sideways to the wind. It is a very poor scheme to talk of big river and harbor appropriations for the special benefit of congressmen and contractors.

LET IT STAND.

The house committee on civil service has unanimously reported adversely on the bill to repeal the civil law. The bill was introduced by Mr. Soney, of Ohio, a democrat, who claimed that the party wanted it repealed. It is not likely that the law will be materially disturbed during the present session of congress. In some particulars it is a weak law, while in others it has some merit. Practical civil service men will admit that it is not broad enough in its scope. Out of the 117,000 federal officers, it effects probably less than 12,000, and these are of minor importance.

But the enactment of the law is a good beginning, and with all its faults it should be permitted to stand. It is a thorn in the flesh to a great many spoils congressmen. They want all the patronage they can command, and are opposed to any law that shall interfere with their disposition of patronage. Some want to amend it, pretending to be its friends, but the very moment the way is opened for amendment, the law will lose what little merit it has. The only safeguard is to refuse to meddle with it, and this seems to be the opinion of the civil service committee—both republicans and democrats. Evidently there will be some skirmishing brought on by the spoilsmen of the dominant party in congress, but the general spirit of congress is to crush all attempts to amend or repeal the law.

Attorney General Frisby has given a written opinion on "underground insurance." A few days ago Governor Rusk asked for an opinion as to whether policies issued by companies having no license in this state were valid. With the written request of the governor's was a letter from the Hon. A. B. Burpee, of Janesville, directed to the

governor on the subject of underground insurance. Another question asked by the governor was, whether all the business done by such companies when transacted in Chicago, was valid, as to policy holders in Wisconsin. Attorney General Frisby held to the opinion of a former attorney general that policies held under the conditions in the first question were void, while those issued under the conditions in the second question were valid if the company is authorized to act in the state where the policy is issued, and can be enforced in the courts of this state provided an agent or person can be found within the state upon whom the statute authorizes service to be made. And herein is the rub regarding an enforcement of a policy in this state when issued in another state by a company that refuses to comply with the laws of the state and has no authorized agent within the state on whom service can be made. The policy of such companies to evade the law, and of course take good care, in case a policyholder desires to bring suit against them for an enforcement of a policy, that an authorized agent is not thrown in the way of an officer in this state. The trouble with the underground companies, so far as bringing suit against them is concerned, rests right here, and virtually makes an action against them impossible.

The longest term of service in the senate was that of Thomas D. Benton, who served thirty years, or five consecutive terms. The nearest to Benton's term was that of the late Senator Anthony, of Rhode Island, who was elected to his fifth consecutive term but died soon after entering the last. Of the living public men, we do not recall another but General Cameron, of modern times, who can divide honors with Sherman on a fourth election to the senate. Cameron was elected in 1848, again in 1857, again in 1867 and finally in 1873. Sherman is now a one in the senate as the survivor of the senate of 1861. Vermont is next in the length of service of her senators—Edmunds dating from 1860 and Morrill from 1867. Of the memorable senate that met the shock of civil war, Sherman only remains in the body, and after Edmunds and Morrill, none of his republican colleagues goes back beyond a single decade, except Logan, who has just entered his third term, but was out from 1877 until 1879. Sherman is, therefore, nearly a half score of years ahead of all as the father of the senate, and his vigorous health at sixty-three, gives fair promise that he may continue as the paternal saint of the body until the 4th of March, 1893.

The inter-state commerce question will receive considerable attention during the present session of congress. Senator Culham has introduced a bill which is quite important on general principles. The bill, besides prohibiting discriminations against persons and places in the matter of freight charges, provides for a commission of five persons, appointed by the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, which is to be given power to carry out the provisions of the law through the properly designated courts. There is doubtless an imperative demand for some sort of congressional regulation of this subject, and it is to be hoped that the deliberations of the senate and house during the present session will result in the adoption of a measure that will be just to the freight-hauling public and not destructive to the best interests of the railways.

The cotton crop for the crop year ending with the 31st of August last appears to have been the largest ever grown, with the exception of that of the year ending August 31, 1884, which was 6,900,000 bales, and that of the year ending August 31, 1883, which was 6,500,000 bales. A New Orleans firm have compiled reports indicating a crop of about 6,200,000 bales for the cotton year last ended. About eighty per cent of this has been marketed, which goes to show that the business revival has gone far enough to make buyers willing to take most of the cotton raised, as if anticipating higher prices before the now growing crop can come into the market.

One of the results of Morrison's victory in adopting the new rules of the house, has been, according to the New York Sun, to encourage the lobby, who had either been driven away from Washington or were compelled to live on short commons while they infested the capital by the stern course of the committee on appropriations.

It would be a good thing if the senate resolution to consider executive nominations with open doors, were adopted. The public is entitled to a correct account of the proceedings of executive sessions, and fairness to the senate as well as justice to the public demand that the resolution should be adopted.

Postmaster General Vilas has been interviewed in regard to the senatorial question, and lays by his official pen long enough to say that he is not a candidate for United States senator during President Cleveland's term.

The family quarrel still goes on, and by this the country is learning a good deal of truth about the character of the democratic party and its policy and aims.

The body which attracts the most attention in Washington this winter, is the lobby. It is large and is flush with money.

The thing that has the slowest growth in this country is a monument fund.

Thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, mental and physical weakness, loss of memory, nervous prostration, results of indigestion, chronic and acute rheumatism, etc., cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It will cure every case promptly as it cures every case cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Dr. J. C. Williams, 188 North Washington St., Box 242, Chicago, Illinois.

J. E. Bowles has money to loan

TWO BUCKEYE SENATES.

REVOLUTIONARY PROCEEDINGS IN THE OHIO LEGISLATURE.

Lieutenant Governor Kennedy Declares He Will Not Obey the Rules Adopted by the Democrats—A Democratic Senate Organized—Blood on the Moon.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 23.—Ohio is filling up her cup of political trouble fast. She has now two senates. One presided over by a Republican lieutenant governor, the other by a Democratic president pro tem. This was brought about by Lieutenant Governor Kennedy's firm position against allowing the four Democratic senators from Hamilton county to vote on any proposition relating to their contests. Early in Friday's session Kennedy announced, in a long speech, that the recent rules adopted by the majority to shear him of power were unconstitutional, and nullities, which he would refuse to recognize. This stunned the Democrats, who were not expecting it so soon. The trouble came when Chairman Vincent presented a report from the committee on privileges and elections asking more authority to go into the contest cases. The Republicans staid put in a minority report as a substitute, which was practically Kennedy's resolution for trial of the cases in open senate. The Republicans moved to adopt the minority report, and Kennedy declared that the four Hamilton county senators, long interested, could not vote. Bradshaw and Kuchner, two Democrats from Cincinnati, were much excited and shook their fists at the chair, demanding their rights. Both were told to sit down or suffer being put down by force. Kuchner was there, and called upon President O'Neil, Democrat, to take the chair and ask Kennedy, to which the latter said he would not take the chair just now, and the Republicans got ready to prevent it by force. Every attempt at appeal, to adjourn, or delay action was denied by Kennedy, and the four senators did not vote. Finally, after five hours' squabbling, the Democrats were defeated and the substitute providing for open investigation was adopted by 17 Republican votes. The decision gave them 16 votes. A long series of parliamentary strategy was ended by Kennedy declaring the senate adjourned on a viva voce vote.

O'Neil then took the chair, ordered the yeas and nays on adjournment, and, in fact, organized a senate of twenty Democrats, and adjourned until Monday. The Republicans will meet again and adjourn till Monday. A long contest is expected, and both sides will fight for possession of the senate chamber. Both sides accused at night. The Republicans will likely endeavor to swear in the four Republican senatorial claimants, who have now a fair chance to be seated. It is said the journals have been spirited away and that Governor Foraker has ordered the adjutant general to guard the records with special policemen to prevent any tampering. No such scenes were ever witnessed in Ohio, and the worst is to come. Personal quarrels occur after every session, and members are threatening each other with blows.

ASKS A RIGID INVESTIGATION.

Senator Payne Offers His Resignation to the Ohio Investigators.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 23.—Senator Payne, of Ohio, has sent the following letter bearing upon the alleged bribery in connection with his nomination as United States senator.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23, 1886.—HON. THOMAS A. CLEVELAND, CHAIRMAN, GRANT COUNTY, OHIO: Sir: In view of the fact that the federal assembly has appointed a special committee of which you are the chairman, to investigate the conduct of the "bribe" case which, in January, 1884, I was named a candidate for United States senator, and as the matter is thus raised to the plane of respectability and placed in charge of intelligent and honorable gentlemen, I propose to give it my personal attention. For myself, I desire the most thorough and rigid scrutiny. My private correspondence and books of account will be at your disposal, and I will be glad to appear before the committee, if they desire it. I only insist in case any testimony is given which in the slightest degree implicates me, I may be afforded an opportunity of appearing before the committee. I am very respectfully, your obedient servant, H. S. PAYNE.

SHE COMETH NOT HE SAYS.

A Colored Barber Who Married a White Girl Finds Himself Forsaken.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 23.—Gus Barber, the colored man of Painesville, who married and eloped with Ida Norton, a beautiful white girl living on Brown street, is a deserted husband, and is now seeking the city in search of his missing spouse. Barber and his wife came to Cleveland Thursday night. Mrs. Barber was sent to the residence of her parents in a carriage for some time waiting. Gus waited for her return until late hour, when he went to the house and demanded to see her. He was told that she was not there. He insisted, and asked for permission to search the house. This was refused and he finally left in a disconsolate frame of mind. Friday he appealed to the police for assistance, but they could find no trace of the missing woman. Friday night it was learned that when Ida met her mother, who had been greatly agitated by the elopement, she reported of her real son. She was then prevailed upon to desert her husband and leave the city. At an early hour in the morning she boarded an outgoing train with a gentleman friend, who escorted her to a small town some distance in the country, where she will try to forget her dusky husband. The barber and his colored friends are availing vengeance, and threats of libelous corpus proceedings are rife. It is not known what steps will next be taken. The social circle in which Miss Norton moved before her escape is greatly shocked by the sensational developments, and it is next to impossible to gain any information about her.

The St. Paul Winter Festival.

St. Paul, Jan. 23.—The cutting wind has rendered work on the ice palace impossible. Building is not going on as rapidly as was expected. It is probable the opening of the palace will have to be postponed until after Feb. 1. The committee on programme is hard at work. Elaborate features are being added. Grand Army of the Republic day, when the castle will be stormed by members of the Grand Army, will be the event of the carnival season. There are now about 3,000 uniformed members of the carnival clubs in the city, and 1,500 uniformed ladies.

Miss Miller's Latest.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—A telegram from New York says Miss Miller Miller, Josephine Miller's daughter, is flying with her husband, Mr. Louder McCornick. The lady is stated to have explained that her marriage with Steele Mackay's son was not valid according to the Roman Catholic church because he had not been baptized, so she married Mr. McCornick in Chicago Jan. 8.

Marriage license No. 93,223, to Maud M. Miller, aged 21 years, and J. L. McCornick, 35 years, both of New York, was published on Jan. 11, in the Chicago papers.

Time tried and true Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which combines the good qualities of all the best cough remedies without the defects of any of them. It cures promptly and permanently coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, influenza, bronchitis, hoarseness, incipient consumption, and all throat and lung diseases, healing the lungs. Safe and pleasant for children. Price 50 cents per bottle.

For silk umbrellas, fine neckwear of seal caps call on Holmes & Son, hatters and fine furnishers.

LYNCHING OF NO EFFECT.

A Louisiana Parish Experiences a New Sensation—Murderer Hung by the Sheriff.

NIDEN, La., Jan. 23.—Henry Jackson, colored, was hanged in the jail enclosure here Friday for the murder of R. A. Britton at a railway junction seven miles from here on July 25, 1885. Britton kept a country store in which he also slept. The negro procured a dry goods box which he placed under Britton's window, and mounting it, placed a double-barreled shotgun against the sleeping man's head and fired out his bullets. Then crawling over the dead man's body he robbed the store of all its money, including all the small articles he could carry off. Leaving the store early Sunday morning he went to the jail, carrying his bloody garments with a suit of his victim's clothes, and took confinement.

Four days before the crime a mob of men broke into the jail at this place, and being unable to get two prisoners out of the steel cage, thrust shotguns through the bars and riddled them with bullets. Jackson would have been treated in the same way, but his crime following on the heels of the lynching so closely had convinced the people that lynch law carried with it a moral effect. The hanging, Friday, was the first legal execution in this (Louisiana) parish.

Victory for the Knights of Labor.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—A notable strike ended Friday, when it was announced at Lynn that the firm of Morgan & Son, which operates shoe factories in Lynn, Lynnfield, Mass., and Fitchburg, N. H., had yielded to the demands of the Knights of Labor. This strike, which has been in progress a year and a half, originated with the masters in the Richmond factory. The firm has now decided to discharge all the men not belonging to the unions who have been hired in the place of strikers, and to adopt a scale of wages satisfactory to the Knights of Labor. This is one of the most decided victories won by the knights in New England, and causes great rejoicing.

A Terrible Fire.

Arouses the apprehensions of a whole city. And yet the wild havoc of disease stares no one. Sad to relate, women suffer from year to year with chronic diseases and weaknesses peculiar to their sex, knowing that they are growing worse with every day, and still take no measures for their own relief. Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is the result of life long and learned study of female complaints. It is guaranteed to cure.

AMUSEMENTS.

MYERS' OPERA HOUSE.
C. E. MOSELEY, Manager.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

WEDNESDAY, EVENING JAN. 27.

A whirlwind of fun by the Talented Comedians.

BAKER & FARRON,

In their latest mirthful, musical extravaganza.

A SOAP BUBBLE,

Carrying all their own.

Special Scenery!

RESERVED SEATS AT
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Watch the Milwaukee papers.

RINK!

POLO, CHAMLOIS SKINS!

SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 23.

WEST ENDS,

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JANESVILLE.

The West Ends are the best club in Milwaukee and a good game may be expected.

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Authorized Agents for Most Popular Rail and Steam Routes.

Florida, New Orleans, Bermuda

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Three weeks' tour in most Luxurious Monarch

Cars, all expenses paid, \$125.

Send for Programme.

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Gives a light never before equalled with economy. Some of its advantages. It is mechanically perfect, with a wick movement entirely new. It does not get dangerous, like all other lamps with button burners. It does not require any gas vent. Given a light of 15 candle power. For sale cheap at Wheelock's. If you want a cheap lamp, giving an immense light, try a Wheelock lamp. Put it on an ornate of the lampstand your house or buy a glass fronted lamp. It will give you a lamp besting a little money, but giving five times the light of any common burner. Fire proof lamp chimneys of all sizes, cheap at

Wheelock's Crockery Store

No Bankrupt Stock. Fresh Goods made this season by the best manufacturers in the country. These bargains cannot be equaled by any Clothing house in America to day. The sale will last 15 days. If you want bargains come and see us.

FOOTE & WILCOX.

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Fred H. Fellows,

FOR FINE

Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

GOLD SPECTACLES.

GOLD PLATED SPECTACLES.

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STEEL SPECTACLES.

GOLD EYE GLASSES.

Rubber Eye Glasses.

Tortoise Shell Eye Glasses.

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Colored Eye Glasses.

PRICES THE LOWEST.

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EAST SIDE JEWELER.

Stationery, Tinware, Glassware,

Crockery, Woodenware, Picture Frames,

Hats, Caps, Jewelry, Lamps

And 1001 other articles, which to take space to mention would fill this paper.

More bargains than ever before seen in one store.

N. B. Every purchaser of \$1.00 and upwards will as a memento of this sale be presented with a large handsome Chromo, framed ready to hang up.

CHICAGO BARGAIN STORE.

Corner of West Milwaukee and River Street, Bennett's Block, Janesville

Be sure and get in the right store.

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Firearms, Ammunition, Pocket Knives, Razors, Shaving Machine supplies. All kinds of Repairing done promptly.

Rifles and Shot Guns TO RENT.

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Amel Dickinson farm of 75 acres, town of Harmony.

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GOLD SPECTACLES.

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STEEL SPECTACLES.

GOLD EYE GLASSES.

Rubber Eye Glasses.

Tortoise Shell Eye Glasses.

Steel Eye Glasses.

Colored Eye Glasses.

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100	"	200	20,000
100	"	100	10,000
500	"	50	25,000
1,000	"	25	25,000

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1897 Prizes, amounting to \$486,000.
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SATURDAY JANUARY 23.

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Fresh lettuce, soup bunches and parsley at Dennison's.

Choice bargains in real estate of any kind, and money to loan.

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WANTED—An opportunity to invest a few thousand dollars in desirable real estate or to loan the same on approved security. Write the money you would pay for such notices as the above. You can accomplish your purpose quicker and cheaper by calling on C. E. Bowles.

For the next three Saturdays, commencing Jan. 23d, we will present to each purchaser of our Pure Tea or Coffee, a decorated Japanese Fan, very pretty as a wall ornament. Remember this for three Saturdays only—commencing on Saturday, Jan. 23d.

The China Tea Co. West Milwaukee street.

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From January 23rd to February 18th, Archie Reid offers Jersey free of charge, to every lady purchasing her cloaks at the great half-price sale of cloaks now going on.

Buy the Hiseok Calcium Burner, for sale at Wheelock's.

To be given away—150 Jerseys, worth from \$1.50 to \$4. Every lady purchasing a cloak at the great half-price sale of cloaks at Archie Reid's, will receive one Jersey free of charge.

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Every lady who buys her cloaks at Archie Reid's great half-price sale of cloaks, receives one Jersey, worth from \$1.50 to \$4—free of charge.

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All kinds of harness, blankets and lin robes, at James A. Fathens.

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C. E. Bowles.

Sutherland's for splendid gold pens.

WANTED—By a reliable young man attending school—a place to work out of school hours and Saturdays, for his board. Address P. O. Box 665.

Holiday goods and playing cards at Eldredge's.

New line of pantaloons at bottom prices at Holmes & Son's.

C. E. Bowles has money to loan.

Use the J. J. B. malt yeast.

Vineet's and Pelonetti's notes on International Sunday School lessons for the year 1880, at Sutherland's book store.

Wanted—Ladies and Gentlemen in city or country, to take light work, at their own homes. \$3.00 a day can be easily made. Write to me, no charge. We have good demand for our work and furnish steady employment. Address with stamp, CHAS. W. G. COMPANY, 231 West St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Be sure and see the Garland stove before buying any other.

For SALE—On easy terms, the best 217 acre opening farm in Rock county.

For a line selection of pantaloons at prices that defy competition, go to W. C. Holmes & Son.

Silk mufflers at Holmes & Son's.

Do you know that Holmes & Son will sell you any batch in the store for \$2.00. Examine their stock, it will pay you.

For SALE—A second hand horizontal boiler.

Pitcher & Ziegler. The Lively-Red Hot-Wide Awake—Sleepless clothiers, are determined to reduce their elegant stock of men's, boys', youths' and children's suits and overcoats. Ten thousand dollars during the balance of January and February. In order to perform this wonderful act we shall name prices that will astonish the natives. Come quick.

A good office to rent—In Myers block West Milwaukee street. Enquire at Sutherland's book store.

C. E. Bowles has money to loan.

Wool, buffalo and goat robes, at James A. Fathens, corner Court and Main streets.

New neckwear at Holmes & Son's.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

Polo to-night.

Regular meeting of the common council on Monday evening.

Not much grumbling among the ice-harvesters this weather.

A meeting of the Y. M. C. A. will be held to-morrow, at half-past three o'clock.

20-cent dance at the Rifles' armory Saturday evening, January 23rd. A good time is guaranteed.

Remember the 20-cent dance at the Rifles' armory Saturday evening, January 23rd. Good music in attendance.

The members of the G. A. R. post and their families will meet in social reunion at the post rooms this evening.

Get your tickets to Milwaukee and return for the special train at King's book store and avoid change of cars.

Members of Chautauque Circle will find "College Latin Course in English" at Sutherland's. The delay in obtaining them has been unavoidable.

Mr. John Brudwick, who was called to Brodhead a few days ago by the dangerous sickness of his mother, sends back word that she is now much better.

The entrance to the Burns anniversary on Monday evening at the Guards armory, will be from Milwaukee street. The hall will be warm, and a pleasant time is expected.

S. B. Kenyon, superintendent of the poor, advertises for 125 cords of wood, and will receive bids until Tuesday noon, January 26th. See the call for bids published in this paper.

The West End polo team telephoned to-day that they would be on hand for the game to-night without fail. The rink will be thoroughly warmed and a very interesting game may be expected.

H. S. Woodruff & Co's tobacco warehouse is now employing a force of twenty-five hands, under the supervision of Mr. Charles Constock. Several other warehouses are running with a small number of hands, but business continues dead in the least market.

The social party given by the members of the Knights of Pythias last evening at Castle hall, was attended by a goodly number of Knights and their ladies, and a real social time was had. Smith & Corlies furnished the excellent music for the dance.

A special feature of the art lecture to-morrow evening will be the beautiful transformation scenes, which delighted those present, including "The rock of ages," "The light of mercury," "No cross no crown," "The water babies," etc. Don't fail to see them.

The Grand Army men of this city are arranging for another large campfire similar to the one held two years ago. The G. A. R. posts in several of the surrounding towns are to be invited and after the exercises a supper of coffee, pork and beans, and hard tack is to be served.

Baker and Farron will appear at the opera house on Wednesday evening of next week. The company appeared at Oshkosh on Thursday evening, the Northwestern says: "The play abounded in funny sayings and situations and was produced in a manner that pleased all present. Baker is the German note and songs was loudly applauded."

The funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret Crook was held at St. Patrick's church this morning, there being a large number of friends and relatives in attendance. The services were conducted by the Rev. Father Harlow, and the singing, which was very appropriate, was by the Sisters of St. Joseph's convent. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

"If, in the days of snow blockades it takes three days to express a box of hams from Chicago to St. Paul, how long would it take a man to express an opinion on the blizzard?" is the question to be debated by the Lingo Club to-night.

Prominent speakers from abroad will be present and the winner will receive a beautiful chronicle, by one of the old masters.

Everybody will take the special train via Chicago & Northwestern railway Thursday, to Milwaukee and return and not only avoid changing cars, but arrive home at about the time the other train will leave Milwaukee. The train will run through without stopping and will thus make quick time. Buy your tickets for yourself and ladies at R. W. King's so that a seat can be reserved in the rink for you. Only \$2.00 for the round trip.

Mrs. F. E. Stacey's bible reading on "The lesson of the forty years' wandering" was well attended, although the cold weather doubtless kept many away. The Sunday school room of the Congregational church was well filled and the services were very interesting. There will be no meeting to-night, but on Sunday evening, "The sympathy of Jesus" will be spoken of.

Having secured a sufficiently large party to go to Milwaukee on Thursday of next week, Mr. T. T. Croft, agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, will sell round trip tickets to Milwaukee for two dollars. The train will leave at 9:45 a. m. at 12:15 noon, returning the train will leave Milwaukee at 12:30 a. m., connecting with a special at Milton, and arriving home at 4 a. m. Tickets will be good to return on any train the following day.

Prof. Harrison highly entertained a fair sized audience at Loppin's Music hall last evening, with his illustrated views of a tour in the Netherlands, Russia, Turkey, Greece and Egypt, not the least of which was the interesting descriptive lecture. The audience was well pleased with the evening's entertainment. This evening, being the fifth of the course, the tour will be through Italy, Rome and the Vatican. To-morrow evening—the Holy Land.

We have some very exaggerating reports concerning the temperature and range of thermometers in this city this morning, and the west side appears to take the bakery this time—one first world citizen representing the temperature at 30 degrees below zero, while one modest resident on the bluff on the east side only claims 10 degrees below.

The reports coming into this office to-day place the temperature between these extreme points, one only reaching as low as 23 below. Our thermometer, from which

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our daily reports are taken indicated 22 degrees below at 7 a. m.

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The defendant was Will Mosher, and it was alleged that he had created a disturbance in the meeting last night, assaulting one of the army, and otherwise making himself disagreeable.

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THE GREAT BLIZZARD.

The entire Northwest suffering from its fury.

The Milwaukee Journal, of last evening, publishes the following account of the storm: "The northwest is experiencing a blizzard. It originated in the British possessions bordering on the Rocky mountains. Yesterday afternoon it was sweeping across Montana. Last evening it was in Dakota; at midnight it was crossing Minnesota, and early this morning the forerunner swept across the frozen Mississippi. At 9 o'clock this morning the wind was blowing at the rate of thirty miles an hour over Wisconsin, and at 10 o'clock it had reached Milwaukee. The blizzard lifted the snow from the ground, carried it in blinding sheets that cut like needles, delayed street car travel and threatened a general blockade on the railroad lines in the northwest.

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